SCHEDULE F (Form 1040) U.S. Treasury Department Internal Revenue Service

Schedule of Farm Income and Expenses (Compute social security self-employment tax on Schedule F-1 (Form 1040))

Attach this schedule to your income tax return, Form 1040

Name and address as shown on Form 1040

							·
Business name and address . Location of farm(s) and num	Employer identification number						
FARM INCOME FOR TAX	(ABLE YEAR—CA	SH RECEIPTS A	ND DISE	URSEMENTS	METHOD		
PART I.—Report in the applicable	e column below receipts f					k held for draft, b	reeding, or dairy purposes
report such sales on Schedule D (Forn	n 1040)) 'ESTOCK AND PRODUCE	RAISED AND HELD PE	RIMARILY FO	OR SALE	1 (THER FARM INC	OME
Kind Quantity	1. Amount	Kind	Quantity	2. Amount	Iter		3, Amount
Cattle	\$ E	ggs		\$	Mdse. rec'd for	produce	. \$
	М	leat products .			Machine work .		
Sheep	P	oultry, dressed .			Wood and lumber	er	•
Swine		/ool			Other forest prod	ducts	
Poultry	H	oney			Patronage divide	nds, rebates	or
Bees	si	irup and sugar .			refunds		
Grain	o	ther (specify):			Agricultural prog	gram payment	s:
Hay				•••••	(a) in cash		
Cotton					(b) In materia	als and services	s .
Tobacco					(c) Commodity	Credit loans fo	or-
Vegetables					feited (or	under election)	
Fruits and nuts					Other (specify):		
Dairy products					•••••		
Total of columns 1, 2					<u></u>		. \$
PART II.—SALES OF PU		OCK AND OTHE	R ITEMS				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	a. Description			b. Date acquired	c. Amount received	d. Cost or other b	asis e. Profit (or loss)
•				-	\$	\$	\$
				-			
				-			•
•••••				-	···		·····
				-			
Totals (enter amount	from column e, in F	art IV, line 2 below	v) . . .		 \$	\$	\$
PART III.—FARM EXPENS					and renaire etc. on ve	ur dwalling)	F
(Do not include personal or living exp			i larin income				2.4
Items	1. Amount	Items		2. Amount	l Iter		3. Amount
Labor hired	5	Veterinary, med	icine .	B	Retirement (Other than y		
Repairs, maintenance	Gasoline, fuel, oil			See instruction	\$		
Interest	Storage, warehousing			Other (specify):			
Feed purchased		Taxes					***************************************
Seed, plants purchased							***************************************
Fertilizers, lime		11	1				
		11	asture				
Supplies purchased		Freight, trucking	g				
Breeding fees							
Total of columns 1, 2 (accrual method)	2, and 3. Enter he						\$
PART IV.—SUMMARY OF							
			I II				
1 Sale of livestock and pr		¢	1 11 _		from Part III)		
other farm income .		Ψ	1 11	•	om Part V)	• • •	
2 Profit (or loss) on sale of			. 6	omer lattit dedt	ctions (specify):		
stock and other purcha		•	_	Tatal 4-	ductions	\$	
3 Gross profits* . 8 Net farm profit (or loss) (\$	re and or		ductions		
8 Net tarm profit (or loss) (1.	

Schedule F (Form	1040)	1966												Page 2
PART V.—DEPI This schedule is of 65–13 as well as appear use the fi	s for th	ed for taxp hose taxpa	oayers using the overs who wish	aiternativ to continu	e guideline e using pra	es an actic	es authoriz	rative ed p	e proced rior to t	dures desc hese reve	cribed in Rev	enue F	roced /here	ures 62-21 and
1. Group and gu		class	2. Cost or other basis at beginning of year 	in year	t additions (amount) OR ———	i in	Asset retiremen year (amount	t)	allowed	preciation or allowable ior years	6. Method of computing depreciation	7. Class - — OR Rate (_ -	8. Depreciation for this year
					acquired		Proc. 62-21)				doprociation	or lif	e 	
1 Total additiona	ai iiist	year depri		include ir	i items bei	ow) ·				***************************************			→ -	
											-		-	
					·				·					
				·-							-			
				-										
				-										
				-							-			
Takal asak su				 					·		_		<u>-</u>	
Total cost or 2 Total depreciat			rt IV. line 5 (ca	_l sh method	d), or in Pa	art V	'II, line 7 (a	accru	al meth	nod)) . .			. \$:
SUMMARY O							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
	Stra	aight line	Declining balance		m of the irs-digits		Units of production	Ad	ditional f (section	irst year 179)	Other (spec	ify)		Total
1 Under Rev. Proc. 62–21 .			-											
2 Other												••••••		
PART VI.—FAR (Do not include sales o Description (Kind of livestock, cr	f livesto	ock held for c		iry purposes		sales		Cons	m 1040), sumed or t during year		m from ''On har	1		f year'' column) ad at end of year
or other products	s)	Quantity	Inventory value	Quantity	Amount	paid	Quantity		uantity	Quantity	Amount recei	ved Q	uantity	Inventory value
			\$		\$						\$			\$
			-		-						-			
					-						-			
								-			-			-
Totals (ente Part VII I			\$		\$		ì				\$	- 1		\$
PART VII.—SUI	MMA	RY OF I	(Enter on line 3)	DEDUCT	(Enter on lin			HOL	- '		(Enteron line 1	(D))		(Enteronline 1(a)
Total of line Total Total Inventory of li at beginning	1(c) ivestoc of yea	crops, and see (specify)	and products	ring year			- {		7 Depr 8 Othe (spec	eciation (r farm dec	(from Part \			
4 Cost of livestock and products purchased during year				l 4 from li	ne 2)* .	\$			Tota	al of line	8 ons			
10 Net farm prof your compu	it (or utation	loss) (sub of self-e	tract line 9 fror mployment inco	n line 5). ome and	Enter hei the self-em	re ar	nd on page ment tax o	2, P on So	art II, li chedule	ne 6, Forr F–1	n 1040. M	ake • \$		
*Use this amount	for on	tional met	hod of computing	g net earn	ings from s	self-e	employment	t. (See line	3. Schedu	le F-1 (Form	1040).)	

SCHEDULE F-1 (Form 1040)

Computation of Social Security Self-Employment Tax on Farm Earnings (for social security)

U.S. Treasury Department Internal Revenue Service Attach this schedule to your income tax return, Form 1040 (See instructions—page 2)

1966

▶ If you had wages, including tips, of \$6,600 or more which were subject to social security taxes, do not fill in this page.

► Each self-employed person must file a separate schedule. See instructions, page 2, for joint returns and partnerships.

▶ If you had net earnings from self-employment from both farm and nonfarm sources, fill in only lines 1 and 2 (line 3, if applicable), and use separate Schedule C-3 to compute your self-employment tax. Net farm earnings from self-employment should be entered in Schedule C-3 (Form 1040) on line 5(d).

	(Form 1040) on line 5(d).	53 Hom Sen-employment Should be entered in Consul	
NA	AME AND ADDRESS (as shown on page 1, Form 1040)		
NA	AME OF SELF-EMPLOYED PERSON (as shown on social security card)	Social Security Num	ber
the and	HOICE OF METHODS.—A farmer must report his net farm earnings for self-employme optional method (line 3, below) by a farmer (1) whose GROSS profits are \$2,40 d NET profits are less than \$1,600. If your GROSS profits from farming are not runeed not complete lines 1 and 2.	O or less, or (2) whose GROSS profits are more than S	\$2,40
CO	OMPUTATION UNDER REGULAR METHOD		
	Net farm profit (or loss) from: (a) Schedule F, page 1, line 8 (cash method), or page 2, line 10 (accrual method)	s	
	(b) Farm partnerships		
CO 3	Net earnings from self-employment from farming. Add lines 1(a) and (b)	he gross profits	
*Ni VII	(b) More than \$2,400 and the net farm profit is less than \$1,600, enter \$1,600. IOTE.—Gross profits from farming are the total of the gross profits from Schedule F, I, line 5 (accrual method), plus the distributive share of gross profit from farm partner line 2 (or line 3, if you choose the optional method) is under \$400, do not fill in recognitions.	Part IV, line 3 (cash method), or Part erships as explained on page 2.	
	OMPUTATION OF SOCIAL SECURITY SELF-EMPLOYMENT TAX		
	The largest amount of combined wages and self-employment earnings subject to tax is		
	(a) Total "F.I.C.A." wages as indicated on Form W–2		ļ
	(b) Unreported tips, if any, subject to F.I.C.A. tax from Form 4137, line 9		
	(c) Total of lines 5(a) and 5(b). Enter here and in item G below \dots		
6	Balance (line 4 less line 5(c))		1
	Self-employment income. Enter here and in item H of Schedule SE below your che (a) REGULAR METHOD.—The smaller of line 2 or 6		
-	(b) OPTIONAL METHOD.—The smaller of line 3 or 6		
8	Self-employment tax—If line 7 is \$6,600, enter \$405.90; if less, multiply the amo amount here and on Form 1040, line 15, page 1	unt on line 7 by 6.15%. Enter this	
	Do not detach	c59—16—7920	34-2
lm on	nportant.—The amounts reported on the form below are for your social security at your earnings, payable to you, your dependents, and your survivors. Fill in each	ccount. This account is used in figuring any benefits, item accurately and completely.	base
U.	CHEDULE SE (Form 1040) U.S. Treasury Department Internal Revenue Service U.S. Report of Self-Employ For crediting to your social security		•
A	Indicate year covered by this return (even though income was received only in part of year): Calendar year 1966 or other taxable year beginning 1966, ending If less than 12 months, was short year due to (a) Death, or (b) Change in accounting period, or (c)	PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE Other.	1
В	FARM ACTIVITIES SUBJECT TO SELF-EMPLOYMENT TAX (Raising livestock, custom harvesting, etc.)		•
С	FARM ADDRESS (rural route, post office, State, and ZIP code)		_ ¶
D	SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER OF PERSON NAMED IN ITEM E BELOW	CHECK HERE IF YOU USE OPTIONAL METHOD	4
	PRINT OR TYPE NAME OF SELF-EMPLOYED PERSON AS SHOWN ON SOCIAL SECURITY CARD	ENTER AMOUNT FROM F LINE 2 (LINE 3 IF OPTION USED) \$	4
E	PRINT OR TYPE HOME ADDRESS (number and street, or rural route)	ENTER AMOUNT G FROM LINE 5(c), IF ANY \$	S
	(City or town, State, and ZIP code)	ENTER AMOUNT H FROM	

Individuals deriving income from farming operations are subject to self-employment tax. See page 1 of this form for computation of earnings from self-employment and self-employment tax. This tax must be paid regardless of age and even though the individual is receiving social security benefits. If you have filed Form 4029, Application for Exemption from Tax on Self-Employment Income and Waiver of Benefits, do not file Schedule F-1; however, write "Exempt—Form 4029" to the left of the entry space on the self-employment tax line, page 1 of Form 1040.

Optional method for computing net earnings from selfemployment from farming.—If a farmer's gross profits for the year from farming are not more than \$2,400, he may report two-thirds of his gross farm income instead of his actual net earnings from farming. If his gross profits from farm self-employment are more than \$2,400 and his actual net earnings from farming are less than \$1,600, he may report \$1,600. For the purpose of the optional method, a partner should compute his share of gross profits from a farm partnership in accordance with the partnership agreement. In the case of guaranteed payments, his share of the partnership's gross profits is his guaranteed payments plus his share of the gross profits after such gross profits are reduced by all guaranteed payments of the partnership.

SHARE-FARMING ARRANGEMENTS

An individual who undertakes to produce a crop or livestock on land belonging to another for a proportionate share of the crop or livestock produced, or the proceeds thereof, is considered to be an independent contractor and a self-employed person rather than an employee. His net earnings should be reported on Schedules F and F-1 (Form 1040) for income tax and self-employment tax purposes.

Farm rentals.—Rental income from a farm counts for social security purposes if the arrangement provides for material participation by the landlord and he does participate materially in the production of the crop or livestock or in the management of the production of one or more farm products. Such rental income is farm earnings and should be reported on page 1 or 2 of Schedule F. "Material participation" means the taking of an important part in the actual production or in the making of management decisions. If there was no material participation, report such rental income in Part II of Schedule B (Form 1040).

MORE THAN ONE TRADE OR BUSINESS

If an individual is engaged in farming and in one or more other trades or businesses, his net earnings from self-employment are the combined net earnings from self-employment of all his trades or businesses. Thus, the loss sustained in one trade or business will operate to reduce the income derived from another trade or business. In such cases, use both Schedule F (Form 1040) and Schedule C (Form 1040) to determine net profit from the farm and nonfarm activities, respectively. Make the combined computation of self-employment tax on page 1 of Schedule C-3 (Form 1040). Fill in Schedule F-1 (Form 1040) through line 3.

JOINT RETURNS

Where husband and wife file a joint income tax return, page 1 of this Schedule should show the name of the one with self-employment income from farming. Where husband and wife each had self-employment income, a separate Schedule F-1, or a separate Schedule C-3, whichever is appropriate, must be filed by each. However, the total of the amounts shown as profit (or loss) from all businesses should, for income tax purposes, be reported on page 2, Part II, line 4 or 6, Form 1040, and the combined self-employment tax should be entered on page 1, line 15, Form 1040.

COMMUNITY INCOME

For the purpose of computing net earnings/ from self-employment (but not for income tax), if any of the income from farming is community income, all the income from such farm operations is considered the income of the husband unless the wife exercises substantially all

the management and control of the operation, in which case all of such income is considered the income of the wife. (Also see instructions on partnerships which follow.)

If separate income tax returns are filed by husband and wife, Schedules F and F-1 or Schedules C and C-3, whichever are appropriate, must be attached to the return of the one with self-employment income. Community income included on such a schedule must, however, be allocated, for income tax purposes between the two returns (on page 2, Part II, line 4 or line 6, Form 1040) on the basis of the community property laws.

PARTNERSHIPS

In computing his combined net earnings from self-employment, a partner should include his entire share of such earnings from a partnership including any guaranteed payments. No part of that share may be allocated to the partner's wife (or husband) even though the income may, under State law, be community income. However, in the case of a husband and wife farm partnership, like other partnerships, the distributive share of each must be entered as partnership income in Part III of Schedule B for income tax purposes, and on page 1, line 1(b), of separate Schedule F-1 for self-employment tax purposes. (Use separate Schedule C-3, to report nonfarm income for social security purposes.)

Note.—If a member of a continuing partnership dies, a portion of the deceased partner's distributive share of the partnership's ordinary income (or loss) for the taxable year of the partnership in which he died must be included in the partner's net earnings from self-employment. In such cases consult your nearest Internal Revenue Service office as to how to report.

EXCLUSIONS FROM SELF-EMPLOYMENT

In determining the amount of net farm earnings from self-employment the following items should be excluded:

Real estate rentals.—Rentals from real estate, including any personal property that is leased with the land. This includes rentals received in cash or crop shares. These amounts should be reported in Part II of Schedule B. See, however, "Farm Rentals" under "Share-Farming Arrangements" on this page.

Property gains and losses.—Gains and losses from the sale, exchange, or involuntary conversion of capital assets and other property which is not held primarily for sale to customers. These amounts should be reported on separate Schedule D (Form 1040).

Net operating losses.—In determining the net earnings from self-employment, no deduction for net operating losses of other years shall be allowed. Such deduction should be entered on page 2, Part II, line 7, Form 1040.

Other items.—Any other item of income or expense which was included in line 2 and which does not enter into the computation of net farm earnings from self-employment should be eliminated from line 2 and an explanation attached.

SCHEDULE SE (FORM 1040)

Schedule SE, which is the lower portion of page 1 of Schedule F-1, provides the Social Security Administration with the information on self-employment income necessary for computing benefits under the social security program.

To assure proper credit to your account, enter your name and social security account number on Schedule SE (Form 1040) exactly as they are shown on your social security card. If you do not have a social security account number, you must get one. These account numbers are obtainable from any Social Security district office. Your local post office will give you the address. Do not delay filing your return beyond its due date.

Regardless of whether joint or separate returns are filed by husband and wife, Schedule SE (Form 1040) must show only the name of the one with self-employment income. However, if both had self-employment income, a separate Schedule SE must be filed by each.